

If a conflict arises between a Clinical Payment and Coding Policy ("CPCP") and any Plan document, as defined below, under which a member is entitled to Covered Services, the Plan document will govern. If a conflict arises between a CPCP and any provider contract pursuant to which a provider participates in and/or provides Covered Services to eligible member(s) and/or Plans, the provider contract will govern. "Plan documents" include, but are not limited to, Certificates of Health Care Benefits, benefit booklets, Summary Plan Descriptions, and other coverage documents. Each Health Care Service Corporation (HCSC) Blue Cross and Blue Shield Plan ("Plan(s)") may use reasonable discretion interpreting and applying this policy to services being delivered in a particular case. The Plans have full and final discretionary authority for their interpretation and application to the extent provided under any applicable Plan documents.

Providers are responsible for submission of accurate documentation of services performed. Providers are expected to submit claims for services rendered using valid code combinations from Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act ("HIPAA") approved code sets. Claims should be coded appropriately according to industry standard coding guidelines including, but not limited to: Uniform Billing ("UB") Editor, American Medical Association ("AMA"), Current Procedural Terminology ("CPT®"), CPT® Assistant, Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System ("HCPCS"), ICD-10 CM and PCS, National Drug Codes ("NDC"), Diagnosis Related Group ("DRG") guidelines, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") National Correct Coding Initiative ("NCCI") Policy Manual, CCI table edits and other CMS guidelines.

Claims are subject to the code edit protocols for services/procedures billed. Claim submissions are subject to claim review including but not limited to, any terms of benefit coverage, provider contract language, medical policies, clinical payment and coding policies as well as coding software logic. Upon request, the provider is urged to submit any additional documentation.

Preventive Services Policy

Policy Number: CPCP006

Version 6.0

Enterprise Clinical Payment and Coding Policy Committee Approval Date: 10/14/2019

Effective Date: 01/01/2020

Definitions

The following acronyms have been utilized throughout this reimbursement policy

ACIP:	Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices
CDC:	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
FDA:	United States Food and Drug Administration
HRSA:	Health Resources and Services Administration
PPACA:	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010
USPSTF:	United States Preventive Services Task Force

Description

Section 2713 of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) mandates that private health plans provide coverage of preventive services issued by the following agencies: The United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF), the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), and the Health Resources and Service Administration (HRSA) with respect to women's guidelines and guidelines for infants, children, and adolescents. These services are available at no costshare when obtained by a member covered under a non-grandfathered plan. This applies to members belonging to individual, small group, large group, and self-insured plans. There is no copay, deductible or coinsurance, even if the individual or family deductible or out-of-pocket maximum has not been met as long as the member utilizes a provider in the plan's network.

Preventive care or preventive medicine refers to measures or services taken to promote health and early detection/prevention of disease(s) and injuries rather than treating them and/or curing them. Preventive care may include, but are not limited to, examinations and screening tests tailored to an individual's age, health, and family history.

PPACA does not mandate that preventive services be covered at no member cost-share when obtained out-ofnetwork. Members that obtain preventive services out of their network will be subject to copay, deductible, and coinsurance.

Grandfathered plans are plans that have been in existence prior to March 23, 2010 and are exempt from the requirement of providing preventive services at no member cost share. Grandfathered plans have the opportunity to elect providing coverage of preventive services at no member cost share but are not required to do so.

The USPSTF applies a letter grade for each of the recommendations that are released. The grade definitions for USPSTF recommendations released after July 2012 are as follows https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/Page/Name/grade-definitions Following the recommendation of the USPTF coverage of Grade "A" and "B" recommendations is provided at no member cost share for members with a non-grandfathered health plan. The USPTF published recommendations can be found at <u>https://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/BrowseRec/Index</u>

Grade	Definition
Α	The USPSTF recommends the service. There is high
~	certainty that the net benefit is substantial.
В	The USPSTF recommends the service. There is high
	certainty that the net benefit is moderate or there is
	moderate certainty that the net benefit is moderate to
	substantial.
С	The USPSTF recommends selectively offering or providing
	this service to individual patients based on professional
	judgment and patient preferences. There is at least
	moderate certainty that the net benefit is small.
D	The USPSTF recommends against the service. There is
	moderate or high certainty that the service has no net
	benefit or that the harms outweigh the benefits.
	The USPSTF concludes that the current evidence is
	insufficient to assess the balance of benefits and harms of
	the service. Evidence is lacking, of poor quality, or
	conflicting, and the balance of benefits and harms cannot
	be determined.

The ACIP publishes recommendations on the safe utilization of vaccines. ACIP's recommendations include immunization schedules for children and adolescents as well as adults which can be found at https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/hcp/index.html. Travel Immunizations such as, but not limited to, Japanese Encephalitis, Typhoid, Yellow Fever, and Small Pox are excluded from Preventive Service coverage. Other excluded vaccinations include Anthrax, Bacille Calmette Guerin for Tuberculosis (BCG), and Rabies which are not required by PPACA. Immunizations should be administered in accordance with the ACIP Recommended Child and Adult Immunization Schedules or in accordance with state law or regulations.

HRSA releases Women's Preventive Services guidelines that are aimed at improving women's health by recommending certain preventive services that should be obtained in the clinical setting. HRSA's list of recommendations can be obtained at <u>https://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines2016/index.html</u>

HRSA endorses preventive guidelines established by the American Academy of Pediatrics for the health and well-being of infants, children, and adolescents. These recommendations are referred to as Bright Futures and the comprehensive list of Bright Future's recommendations can be found at https://www.aap.org/en-us/Documents/practicet_periodicity_AllVisits.pdf

Reimbursement Information:

Certain preventive care services may be considered eligible for coverage under the member's benefit plan as required by PPACA and/or an applicable state mandate. In general, these services include, but are not limited to, screenings, immunizations, and other types of care as recommended by the United States Federal Government.

These services are not subject to application of cost-sharing such as co-payments, co-insurance or deductibles when they are considered eligible for coverage and are provided by a network provider. In order for preventive claims to process at the preventive level with no member cost share, the claim must include a preventive diagnosis code, a preventive procedure code, meet medical policy review criteria, and fall within the guidelines issued by the USPSTF, ACIP, HRSA, or Bright Futures.

Health care providers (facilities, physicians and other health care professionals) are expected to exercise independent medical judgement in providing care to patients. This Preventive Services Reimbursement policy is not intended to impact care decisions or medical practice.

The following grid provides a list of the recommendations released by the USPSTF, ACIP, HRSA, or Bright Futures along with the corresponding procedure codes and diagnosis codes deemed to be preventive.

Service:	Procedure Code(s):	Additional Reimbursement Criteria:
Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Screening <u>USPSTF "B" Recommendation June 2014</u> The USPSTF recommends one-time screening for abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) with ultrasonography in men ages 65 to 75 years who have ever smoked.	76706	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Abnormal Blood Glucose and Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus Screening USPSTF "B" Recommendation October 2015 The USPSTF recommends screening for abnormal blood glucose as part of cardiovascular risk assessment in adults aged 40 to 70 years who are overweight or obese. Clinicians should offer or refer patients with abnormal blood glucose to intensive behavioral counseling interventions to promote a healthful diet and physical activity.	82947, 82948, 82950, 82951, 83036, 82952	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Unhealthy Alcohol Use in Adolescents and Adults: Screening and Behavioral Counseling	99385, 99386, 99387, 99395, 99396, 99397,	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1

USPSTF Recommendations:

Interventions	00108 00100	
	99408, 99409,	
LICDETE "D" Decommendation Nevershar	G0396, G0397,	
USPSTF "B" Recommendation November	G0442, G0443	
2018		
The USPSTF recommends screening for		
unhealthy alcohol use in primary care settings		
for adults 18 years or older, including		
pregnant women, and providing persons		
engaged in risky or hazardous drinking with		
brief behavioral counseling interventions to		
reduce unhealthy alcohol use.		
Aspirin Use to Prevent Cardiovascular		For details about pharmacy
Disease and Colorectal Cancer Preventive		
		benefit coverage, contact the
Medication		number on the patient's BCBS
		member card. A patient's
USPSTF "B" Recommendation April 2016		pharmacy benefit may be
The USPSTF recommends initiating low-dose		managed by a company other
aspirin use for the primary prevention of		than BCBS.
cardiovascular disease (CVD) and colorectal		
cancer (CRC) in adults aged 50 to 59 years		Prescription required
who have a 10% or greater 10-year CVD risk,		
are not at increased risk for bleeding, have a		Coverage includes 81 mg dosage
life expectancy of at least 10 years, and are		for generics
willing to take low-dose aspirin daily for at		
least 10 years.		
	04007 07000 07000	
Asymptomatic Bacteriuria in Adults	81007, 87086, 87088	Payable with a Pregnancy
Screening		Diagnosis
USPSTF "B" Recommendation September		
2019		
The USPSTF recommends screening for		
asymptomatic bacteriuria using urine culture		
in pregnant persons.		
BRCA-Related Cancer Risk Assessment,	81212, 81215, 81216,	These services are subject to
Genetic Testing	81217, 81162, 81163,	Medical Policy and prior
	81164, 81165, 81166,	authorization may be required
USPSTF "B" Recommendation August 2019	81167, 96040, 99385,	aution zation may be required
USPSTF recommends that primary care	99386, 99387, 99395,	Procedure codes 81212, 81215-
clinicians assess women with a personal or	99396, 99397, 99401,	81217, 81162-81167, 81307 and
family history of breast, ovarian, tubal, or	99402, 99403, 99404,	81308 are reimbursable as
peritoneal cancer or who have an ancestry	G0463, S0265,	preventive when submitted with
associated with breast cancer susceptibility 1	81307, 81308	one of the following primary
and 2 (BRCA1/2) gene mutations with an		diagnosis codes:
appropriate brief familial risk assessment		Z80.3, Z80.41, Z85.3, Z85.43

tool. Women with a positive result on the risk assessment tool should receive genetic counseling and, if indicated after counseling, genetic testing.		Procedure code 96040 is reimbursable as preventive when submitted with one of the following primary diagnosis codes: Z80.3 or Z80.41 All other procedure codes for BRCA are payable with a diagnosis in Diagnosis List 1
Breast Cancer Medications for Risk ReductionUSPSTF "B" Recommendations September 2013The USPSTF recommends that clinicians engage in shared, informed decision making with women who are at increased risk for breast cancer about medications to reduce their risk. For women who are at increased risk for breast cancer and at low risk for adverse medication effects, clinicians should offer to prescribe risk-reducing medications, such as tamoxifen or raloxifene.		For details about pharmacy benefit coverage, contact the number on the patient's BCBS member card. A patient's pharmacy benefit may be managed by a company other than BCBS. Prescription required. Generic drugs Tamoxifen and Raloxifene are reimbursable at the preventive level for ages 35 and over
Breast Cancer Screening USPSTF "B" Recommendation January 2016 The USPSTF recommends biennial screening mammography for women aged 50 to 74 years. Refer also to HRSA's 'Breast Cancer Screening for Women at Average Risk' recommendation	77061, 77062, 77063, 77067	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Breastfeeding Primary Care InterventionsUSPSTF "B" Recommendation October 2016The USPSTF recommends providinginterventions during pregnancy and afterbirth to support breastfeeding.Refer also to HRSA's 'Breastfeeding Servicesand Supplies' recommendation	99401, 99402, 99403, 99404, 99411, 99412 A4281, A4282, A4283, A4284, A4285, A4286, E0602, E0603, E0604, S9443	Electric breast pumps limited to one per benefit period. Hospital Grade breast pumps are limited to rental only. Additional reimbursement information available within the "Breastfeeding Equipment and Supplies"
Cervical Cancer Screening USPSTF "A" Recommendation August 2018	99385, 99386, 99387, 99395, 99396,99397	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1

The USPSTF recommends screening for cervical cancer every 3 years with cervical cytology alone in women aged 21 to 29 years. For women aged 30 to 65 years, the USPSTF recommends screening every 3 years with cervical cytology alone, every 5 years with high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing alone, or every 5 years with hrHPV testing in combination with cytology (cotesting). <i>Refer also to HRSA's 'Cervical Cancer</i> <i>Screening' recommendation</i>	G0101, 88141, 88142, 88143, 88147, 88148, 88150, 88152, 88153, 88155, 88164, 88165, 88166, 88167, 88174, 88175, G0123, G0124, G0141, G0143, G0144, G0145, G0147, G0148, P3000, P3001, Q0091, 87623, 87624, 87625, S0610, S0612, 0500T, 0096U	
Chlamydia Screening <u>USPSTF "B" Recommendations September</u> <u>2014</u> The USPSTF recommends screening for chlamydia in sexually active women age 24 years and younger and in older women who are at increased risk for infection.	86631, 86632, 87110, 87270, 87320, 87490, 87491, 87492, 87801, 87810	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Colorectal Cancer Screening <u>USPSTF "A" Recommendation June 2016</u> The USPSTF recommends screening for colorectal cancer starting at age 50 years and continuing until age 75 years. The risks and benefits of different screening methods vary.	82270, 82274, G0328, 44388, 44389,44392, 44394, 44401, 44404, 45378,45380, 45381,45384, 45385,45388, G0105, G0106, G0120, G0121, G0122,45330, 45331, 45333,45335, 45338,45346, 74263, 88304, 88305, G0104, 99201, 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99211, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215, S0285, 00812, 00813 81528	Certain colorectal cancer screening services may be subject to medical policy criteria and may require prior authorization Modifier 33 or PT may be applied Payable with a diagnosis in Diagnosis List 1 In the instance that a polyp is removed during a preventive colonoscopy, the colonoscopy as well as the removal of the polyp and the labs and services related to the colonoscopy are reimbursable at the preventive level. Sedation procedure codes 99152.
		Sedation procedure codes 99152, 99153, 99156, 99157, and G0500 will process at the preventive level when billed with a diagnosis of Z12.11 or Z12.12

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Congenital Hypothyroidism Screening <u>USPSTF "A" Recommendation March 2008</u> The USPSTF recommends screening for congenital hypothyroidism in newborns.	84443, 99381, S3620	Procedure code 74263 is reimbursable at the preventive level when billed with one of the following three diagnosis codes: Z00.00, Z12.11, Z12.12 Procedure code 81528 is reimbursable at the preventive level when billed with Z12.11 or Z12.12 for out of network claims.
Dental Caries in Children from Birth Through Age 5 Years ScreeningUSPSTF "B" Recommendation May 2014The USPSTF recommends that primary care clinicians prescribe oral fluoride supplementation starting at age 6 months for children whose water supply is deficient in fluoride.USPSTF "B" Recommendation May 2014 The USPSTF recommends that primary care clinicians apply fluoride varnish to the primary teeth of all infants and children starting at the age of primary tooth eruption.	99188	Prescription required for both over-the-counter (OTC) and prescription medications
Depression Screening Adults <u>USPSTF "B" Recommendation January 2016</u> The USPSTF recommends screening for depression in the general adult population, including pregnant and postpartum women. Screening should be implemented with adequate systems in place to ensure accurate diagnosis, effective treatment, and appropriate follow-up.	99385, 99386, 99387, 99395, 99396, 99397, 96160, 96161, G0444, 96127	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1 Effective 1/1/2019 Procedure code 96127 is only reimbursable at the preventive level when billed with a diagnosis of Z00.129, Z13.41, or Z13.42
Depression in Children and Adolescents Screening USPSTF "B" Recommendation February 2016	99384, 99385, 99394, 99395, 96127, G0444	Payable with a diagnosis in Diagnosis List 1
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The USPSTF recommends screening for major depressive disorder (MDD) in adolescents aged 12 to 18 years. Screening should be implemented with adequate systems in place to ensure accurate diagnosis, effective treatment, and appropriate follow-up. <i>Refer also to Bright Futures 'Depression Screening' recommendation</i>		Effective 1/1/2019 Procedure code 96127 is only reimbursable at the preventive level when billed with a diagnosis of Z00.129, Z13.41, or Z13.42
Falls Prevention in Community Dwelling Older Adults: InterventionsUSPSTF "B" Recommendation April 2018 The USPSTF recommends exercise interventions to prevent falls in community-dwelling adults aged 65 years or older who are at increased risk for falls.	97110, 97112, 97116, 97150, 97161, 97162, 97163, 97164, 97165, 97166, 97167, 97168, 97530	Prescription required Procedure codes 97110, 97112, 97116, 97150, 97161, 97162, 97163, 97164, 97165, 97166, 97167, 97168, and 97530 reimbursable with a diagnosis of Z91.81
Folic Acid for the Prevention of Neural Tube Defects: Preventive MedicationUSPSTF "A" Recommendation January 2017 The USPSTF recommends that all women who are planning or capable of pregnancy take a daily supplement containing 0.4 to 0.8 mg (400 to 800 µg) of folic acid.		Prescription required Over-the-counter (OTC) only
Gestational Diabetes Mellitus ScreeningUSPSTF "B" Recommendation January 2014The USPSTF recommends screening forgestational diabetes mellitus (GDM) inasymptomatic pregnant women after 24weeks of gestation.Refer also to HRSA's 'Gestational Diabetes'recommendation	36415, 82947, 82948, 82950, 82951, 82952, 83036	Payable with a pregnancy diagnosis
Gonorrhea Screening USPSTF "B" Recommendation September 2014 The USPSTF recommends screening for gonorrhea in sexually active women age 24	87801, 87590, 87591, 87592, 87850	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1

years and younger and in older women who		
are at increased risk for infection.		
Healthful Diet and Physical Activity for	99385, 99386, 99387,	
Cardiovascular Disease Prevention in Adults	99395, 99396, 99397,	
with Cardiovascular Risk Factors: Behavioral	G0438, G0439,	
Counseling	G0446, S9452, S9470,	
	97802, 97803, 97804,	
USPSTF "B" Recommendation August 2014	G0270, G0271,	
The USPSTF recommends offering or referring	99078, 99401, 99402,	
adults who are overweight or obese and have	99403, 99404, 99411,	
additional cardiovascular disease (CVD) risk	99412, G0473	
factors to intensive behavioral counseling		
interventions to promote a healthful diet and		
physical activity for CVD prevention.		
Hepatitis B in Pregnant Women Screening	80055, 86706, 87340,	Payable with a pregnancy
	87341, 80074, 80076,	diagnosis, or diagnosis in
USPSTF "A" Recommendation July 2019	G0499, 36415	Diagnosis List 1
The USPSTF recommends screening for		
hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in pregnant		
women at their first prenatal visit.		
Han stitle D.Vinne lafe stick Conserving	00055 00706 07340	
Hepatitis B Virus Infection Screening	80055, 86706, 87340, 87341, 80074, 80076	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
USPSTF "B" Recommendation May 2014	87341, 80074, 80070	
The USPSTF recommends screening for		
hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in persons at		
high risk for infection.		
0		
Hepatitis C Screening	86803, 86804, G0472	Payable with a diagnosis code in
LISDSTE "P" Recommendation lune 2012		Diagnosis List 1
USPSTF "B" Recommendation June 2013 The USPSTF recommends screening for		
hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection in persons at		
high risk for infection. The USPSTF also		
recommends offering 1-time screening for		
HCV infection to adults born between 1945		
and 1965.		
High Blood Pressure in Adults Screening	93784, 93786, 93788, 93790, 99385, 99386,	Procedure codes 93784, 93786, 93788, 93790, 99473, and 99474
USPSTF "A" Recommendation October 2015	99387, 99395, 99396,	are reimbursable at the
The USPSTF recommends screening for high	99397, 99473, 99474	preventive level when billed with
blood pressure in adults aged 18 years or		one of the following diagnosis
older. The USPSTF recommends obtaining		codes:
measurements outside of the clinical setting		R03.0, R03.1, Z01.30, Z01.31

for diagnostic confirmation before starting treatment.		
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infection Screening for Non-Pregnant Adolescents and Adults	87806, 87389, 87390, 87391, G0432, G0433, G0435	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
USPSTF "A" Recommendation June 2019 The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen for HIV infection in adolescents and adults aged 15 to 65 years. Younger adolescents and older adults who are at increased risk should also be screened.		
Refer also to HRSA's 'HIV Screening and Counseling' recommendation		
Refer also to Bright Future's 'STI/HIV Screening' recommendation		
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)	36415, 80081, 86689,	Payable with a pregnancy
Infection Screening for Pregnant Women USPSTF "A" Recommendation June 2019 The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen all pregnant persons, , including those who present in labor or at delivery whose HIV status is unknown.	86701, 86702, 86703, 87389, 87390, 87391, 87806, G0432, G0433, G0435, G0475	diagnosis or diagnosis from Diagnosis List 1
Refer also to HRSA's 'HIV Screening and Counseling' recommendation		
Refer also to Bright Future's 'STI/HIV Screening' recommendation		
Intimate Partner Violence, Elder Abuse, and Abuse of Vulnerable Adults Screening USPSTF "B" Recommendation October 2018 The U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) recommends that clinicians screen for intimate partner violence in women of reproductive age and provide or refer women who screen positive to ongoing support services.	99201, 99202, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99211, 99212, 99213, 99214, 99215, 99384, 99385, 99386,99387, 99394, 99395, 99396, 99397, 99401, 99402, 99403, 99404, 99411, 99412, \$0610, \$0612, \$0613	

Latent Tuberculosis Infection Screening	86480, 86481, 86580	Payable with a diagnosis code in
<u>USPSTF "B" Recommendation September</u> <u>2016</u> The USPSTF recommends screening for latent tuberculosis infection (LTBI) in populations at increased risk.		Diagnosis List 1
Low-Dose Aspirin Use for the Prevention of Morbidity and Mortality from Preeclampsia: Preventive Medication USPSTF "B" Recommendation September 2014 The USPSTF recommends the use of low-dose aspirin (81 mg/d) as preventive medication after 12 weeks of gestation in women who are at high risk for preeclampsia.		Prescription required Coverage includes 81 mg dosage for generics For details about pharmacy benefit coverage, contact the number on the patient's BCBS member card. A patient's pharmacy benefit may be managed by a company other than BCBS.
Lung Cancer Screening USPSTF "B" Recommendation December 2013 The USPSTF recommends annual screening for lung cancer with low-dose computed tomography (LDCT) in adults aged 55 to 80 years who have a 30 pack-year smoking history and currently smoke or have quit within the past 15 years. Screening should be discontinued once a person has not smoked for 15 years or develops a health problem that substantially limits life expectancy or the ability or willingness to have curative lung surgery.	G0296, G0297	Subject to medical policy criteria and may require preauthorization Procedure code G0297 is reimbursable at the preventive level if it meets medical policy criteria and is billed with one of the following diagnosis codes: F17.200, F17.201, F17.210, F17.211, F17.220, F17.221, F17.290, F17.291, Z12.2, Z87.891
Weight Loss to Prevent Obesity-RelatedMorbidity and Mortality in Adults:Behavioral InterventionsUSPSTF "B" Recommendation September2018The USPSTF recommends that clinicians offeror refer adults with a body mass index (BMI)of 30 or higher (calculated as weight inkilograms divided by height in meterssquared) to intensive, multicomponent	97802, 97803, 97804, 99385, 99386, 99387, 99395, 99396, 99397, 99401, 99402, 99403, 99404, 99411, 99412, 99078, G0447, G0473	

behavioral interventions.		
Obesity in Children and Adolescents Screening USPSTF "B" Recommendation June 2017 The USPSTF recommends that clinicians screen for obesity in children and adolescents 6 years and older and offer them or refer them to comprehensive, intensive behavioral interventions to promote improvement in weight status.	97802, 97803, 99383, 99384, 99385, 99393, 99401, 99402, 99403, 99404, 99411, 99412, G0446, G0447, G0473	
Ocular Prophylaxis for Gonococcal Ophthalmia Neonatorum Preventive Medication USPSTF "A" Recommendation January 2019		When billed under inpatient medical
The USPSTF recommends prophylactic ocular topical medication for all newborns to prevent gonococcal ophthalmia neonatorum.		
Osteoporosis Screening <u>USPSTF "B" Recommendation June 2018</u> The USPSTF recommends screening for osteoporosis with bone measurement testing to prevent osteoporotic fractures in women 65 years and older.	76977, 77078, 77080, 77081, 78350, 78351, G0130,	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
The USPSTF recommends screening for osteoporosis with bone measurement testing to prevent osteoporotic fractures in postmenopausal women younger than 65 years who are at increased risk of osteoporosis, as determined by a formal clinical risk assessment tool.		
Perinatal Depression: Preventive Interventions USPSTF "B" Recommendation February 2019 The USPSTF recommends that clinicians provide or refer pregnant and postpartum persons who are at increased risk of perinatal depression to counseling interventions	99385. 99385, 99387, 99395. 99396. 99397, 96160, 96161, G0444	Payable with a diagnosis on Diagnosis List 1

Phenylketonuria in Newborns Screening	84030, 99381, S3620	Procedure codes 84030 and S3620
USPSTF "A" Recommendation March 2008 The USPSTF recommends screening for phenylketonuria in newborns.		reimbursable at the preventive level for children 0-90 days old
Preeclampsia Screening <u>USPSTF "B" Recommendation April 2017</u> The USPSTF recommends screening for preeclampsia in pregnant women with blood pressure measurements throughout pregnancy.		Preeclampsia screening is done through routine blood pressure measurements
Rh(D) Incompatibility Screening <u>USPSTF "A" Recommendation February 2004</u> The USPSTF strongly recommends Rh(D) blood typing and antibody testing for all pregnant women during their first visit for pregnancy-related care. <u>USPSTF "B" Recommendation February 2004</u> The USPSTF recommends repeated Rh(D) antibody testing for all unsensitized Rh(D)- negative women at 24 to 28 weeks' gestation, unless the biological father is known to be Rh(D)-negative.	80055, 86850, 86870, 86900, 86901, 36415	Payable with a pregnancy diagnosis
Sexually Transmitted Infections Behavioral Counseling USPSTF "B" Recommendation September 2014 The USPSTF recommends intensive behavioral counseling for all sexually active adolescents and for adults who are at increased risk for sexually transmitted infections (STIs). Refer also to HRSA's 'Sexually Transmitted Infections Counseling' recommendation	99384, 99385, 99386, 99387, 99394, 99395, 99396, 99397, 99401, 99402, 99403, 99404, 99411, 99412, G0445	
Sickle Cell Disease (Hemoglobinopathies) in Newborns Screening USPSTF "A" Recommendation September	83020, 83021, 83030, 83033, 83051, 85004, 85013, 85014, 85018, 85025, 85027, 99381,	

2007The USPSTF recommends screening for sickle cell disease in newborns.Skin Cancer CounselingUSPSTF "B" Recommendation March 2018 The USPSTF recommends counseling young adults, adolescents, children, and parents of young children about minimizing exposure to ultraviolet (UV) radiation for persons aged 6 months to 24 years with fair skin types to reduce their risk of skin cancer.	G0306, G0307, S3620, S3850 There are no procedure codes specific to skin cancer counseling.	
Statin Use for the Primary Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease in Adults Preventive Medication USPSTF "B" Recommendation November	80061, 82465, 83700, 83718, 83719, 83721, 84478	Prescription required Ages 40-75 only Lovastatin 20mg, 40mg
 <u>2016</u> The USPSTF recommends that adults without a history of cardiovascular disease (CVD) (i.e., symptomatic coronary artery disease or ischemic stroke) use a low- to moderate-dose statin for the prevention of CVD events and mortality when all of the following criteria are met: 1) they are aged 40 to 75 years; 2) they have 1 or more CVD risk factors (i.e., dyslipidemia, diabetes, hypertension, or smoking); and 3) they have a calculated 10-year risk of a cardiovascular event of 10% or greater. Identification of dyslipidemia and calculation of 10-year CVD event risk requires universal lipids screening in adults aged 40 to 75 years. 		Pravastatin 10mg, 20mg, 40mg, 80mg For details about pharmacy benefit coverage, contact the number on the patient's BCBS member card. A patient's pharmacy benefit may be managed by a company other than BCBS.
Syphilis Infection in Nonpregnant Adults and Adolescents Screening <u>USPSTF "A" Recommendation June 2016</u> The USPSTF recommends screening for syphilis infection in persons who are at increased risk for infection.	86592, 86780, 0065U	Payable with a diagnosis in Diagnosis List 1

Syphilis Infection in Pregnant Women	80055, 80081, 86592,	Payable with a pregnancy
Screening	86593, 0065U, 36415	diagnosis or a diagnosis in
		Diagnosis List 1
USPSTF "A" Recommendation September		
<u>2018</u>		
The USPSTF recommends early screening for		
syphilis infection in all pregnant women.		
Tobacco Smoking Cessation in Adults,	99401, 99402, 99403,	Two 90-day treatment regimens
Including Pregnant Women: Behavioral and	99404, 99406, 99407,	per benefit period. The 90-day
Pharmacotherapy Interventions	G9016, S9453	treatments are at the discretion of
		the provider working with the
USPSTF "A" Recommendation September		member
<u>2015</u>		
The USPSTF recommends that clinicians ask		Prescription required for all
all adults about tobacco use, advise them to		pharmacotherapy interventions
stop using tobacco, and provide behavioral		
interventions and U.S. Food and Drug		bupropion tan ER 150 mg tablets
Administration (FDA)–approved		Chantix
pharmacotherapy for cessation to adults who		Microtron Inhaler
use tobacco.		Nicotrol NS
		Nicotine Transdermal Kits
USPSTF "A" Recommendation September		Generic gum and lozenges
2015		(nicotine polacrilex 2 mg, 4 mg)
The USPSTF recommends that clinicians ask		
all pregnant women about tobacco use,		For details about pharmacy
advise them to stop using tobacco, and		benefit coverage, contact the
provide behavioral interventions for cessation		number on the patient's BCBS
to pregnant women who use tobacco.		member card. A patient's
		pharmacy benefit may be
		managed by a company other
		than BCBS.
Tobacco Use in Children and Adolescents	99401, 99402, 99403,	Refer to Preventive Services
Primary Care Interventions	99404, 99406, 99407,	Recommendation for Tobacco
	G9016, S9453	Smoking Cessation in Adults,
USPSTF "B" Recommendation August 2013	,	Including Pregnant Women:
The USPSTF recommends that primary care		Behavioral and Pharmacotherapy
clinicians provide interventions, including		Interventions
education or brief counseling, to prevent		
initiation of tobacco use among school-aged		
children and adolescents.		
Vision Screening in Children	99172, 99173, 0333T	
USPSTF "B" Recommendation September		
2017		
The USPSTF recommends vision screening at		

least once in all children aged 3 to 5 years to detect amblyopia or its risk factors.	

General Lab Panel	80050, 80053	Payable with a diagnosis on
These lab codes could be multiple Preventive		Diagnosis List 1
Services recommendations		

HRSA Recommendations:

Service:	Procedure	Additional
	Code(s):	Reimbursement Criteria:
Breast Cancer Screening for Women at	77061, 77062,	Payable with a diagnosis code in
Average Risk	77063, 77065,	Diagnosis List 1
	77066, 77067,	
HRSA Recommendation December 2016	G0279	
The Women's Preventive Services Initiative		
recommends that average-risk women initiate		
mammography screening no earlier than age		
40 and no later than age 50. Screening		
mammography should occur at least biennially		
and as frequently as annually. Screening		
should continue through at least age 74 and		
age alone should not be the basis to		
discontinue screening. These screening		
recommendations are for women at average		
risk of breast cancer. Women at increased risk		
should also undergo periodic mammography		
screening, however, recommendations for		
additional services are beyond the scope of		
this recommendation		
Refer also to USPSTF's 'Breast Cancer		
Screening' recommendation		
Breastfeeding Services and Supplies	E0602, E0603,	Electric breast pumps limited to
	E0604, A4281,	one per benefit period. Hospital
HRSA Recommendation December 2016	A4282, A4283,	Grade breast pumps are limited to
The Women's Preventive Services Initiative	A4284, A4285,	rental only.
recommends comprehensive lactation support	A4286, S9443,	
services (including counseling, education, and	99401, 99402,	Additional reimbursement
breastfeeding equipment and supplies) during	99403, 99404,	information available within the
the antenatal, perinatal, and the postpartum	99411, 99412,	"Breastfeeding Equipment and
period to ensure the successful initiation and	99347, 99348,	Supplies" Coverage
maintenance of breastfeeding.	99349, 99350	

Refer also to USPSTF's 'Breastfeeding Primary		
Care Interventions' recommendation		
Cervical Cancer Screening	99385, 99386,	Payable with a diagnosis code in
	99387, 99395,	Diagnosis List 1
HRSA Recommendation December 2016	99396, 99397,	
The Women's Preventive Services Initiative	G0101, 88141,	
recommends cervical cancer screening for	88142, 88143,	
average-risk women aged 21 to 65 years. For	88147, 88148,	
women aged 21 to 29 years, the Women's	88150, 88152,	
Preventive Services Initiative recommends	88153, 88155,	
cervical cancer screening using cervical	88164, 88165,	
cytology (Pap test) every 3 years. Cotesting	88166, 88167,	
with cytology and human papillomavirus	88174, 88175,	
testing is not recommended for women	G0123, G0124,	
younger than 30 years. Women aged 30 to 65	G0141, G0143,	
years should be screened with cytology and	G0144, G0145,	
human papillomavirus testing every 5 years or	G0147, G0148,	
cytology alone every 3 years. Women who are	P3000, P3001,	
at average risk should not be screened more	Q0091, 87623,	
than once every 3 years.	87624, S0610,	
	S0612	
Refer also to USPSTF 'Cervical Cancer		
Screening' recommendation		
Contraceptive Methods and Counseling	A4268, A4269,	Contraception methods that
	57170, 74740,	require a prescription may be
HRSA Recommendation December 2016	96372, 11976,	covered under the patient's
The Women's Preventive Services Initiative	11981, 11982,	medical or pharmacy benefit. For
recommends that adolescent and adult	11983, 58300,	details about pharmacy benefit
women have access to the full range of	58301, A4261,	coverage for contraception,
female-controlled contraceptives to prevent	A4264, A4266,	contact the number on the
unintended pregnancy and improve birth	S4981, S4989,	patient's BCBS member card. A
outcomes. Contraceptive care should include	J1050, J7297, J7298,	patient's pharmacy benefit may be
contraceptive counseling, initiation of	J7300, J7301, J7303,	managed by a company other
contraceptive use, and follow-up care (e.g.,	J7304, J7306, J7307,	than BCBS.
management, and evaluation as well as	58600, 58605,	
changes to and removal or discontinuation of	58611, 5865, 58661,	Visits pertaining to contraceptive
the contraceptive method). The Women's	58565, 58670,	counseling, initiation of
Preventive Services Initiative recommends	58671, 58340, J7296	contraceptive use, and follow-up
that the full range of female-controlled U.S.		care may also apply to procedure
Food and Drug Administration-approved		codes under HRSA's 'Well-Woman'
contraceptive methods, effective family		recommendation
planning practices, and sterilization		Dressdurs code 58240
procedures be available as part of		Procedure code 58340
contraceptive care. The full range of		reimbursable at the preventive
contraceptive methods for women currently		level only when accompanied with

identified by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration include: (1) sterilization surgery for women, (2) surgical sterilization via implant for women, (3) implantable rods, (4) copper intrauterine devices, (5) intrauterine devices with progestin (all durations and doses), (6) the shot or injection, (7) oral contraceptives (combined pill), 8) oral contraceptives (progestin only, and), (9) oral contraceptives (progestin only, and), (9) oral contraceptives (extended or continuous use), (10) the contraceptive patch, (11) vaginal contraceptive rings, (12) diaphragms, (13) contraceptive sponges, (14) cervical caps, (15) female condoms, (16) spermicides, and (17) emergency contraception (levonorgestrel), and (18) emergency contraception (ulipristal acetate), and additional methods as identified by the FDA. Additionally, instruction in fertility awareness-based methods, including the lactation amenorrhea method, although less effective, should be provided for women desiring an alternative method.		modifier 33 or one of the following diagnosis codes: Z30.2, Z30.40, Z30.42, Z30.49, Z98.51, Procedure codes 11981, 11982, and 11983 (are covered only when FDA approved contraceptive implant insertion or removal are performed) are reimbursable at the preventive level when billed with one of the following diagnosis codes: Z30.013, Z30.017, Z30.018, Z30.19, Z30.09, Z30.40, Z30.42, , Z30.42, Z30.46, Z30.49, Z30.8, Z30.9 Procedure code 58661reimbursable at the preventive level with a diagnosis of Z30.2 For the list of contraceptive methods that may be covered, visit your health plan website.
Diabetes Mellitus Screening after Pregnancy <u>HRSA Recommendation</u> <u>December 2017</u> The Women's Preventive Services Initiative recommends women with a history of gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM) who are not currently pregnant and who have not been previously diagnosed with type 2 diabetes mellitus should be screened for diabetes mellitus.	82947, 82948, 82950, 82951, 83036	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Gestational Diabetes <u>HRSA Recommendation December 2016</u> The Women's Preventive Services Initiative recommends screening pregnant women for gestational diabetes mellitus after 24 weeks of gestation (preferably between 24 and 28 weeks of gestation) in order to prevent adverse birth outcomes. Screening with a 50-g oral glucose challenge test (followed by a 3-	82947, 82948, 82950, 82951, 83036	Payable with a pregnancy diagnosis

hour 100- g oral glucose tolerance test if results on the initial oral glucose challenge test are abnormal) is preferred because of its high sensitivity and specificity. The Women's Preventive Services Initiative suggests that women with risk factors for diabetes mellitus be screened for preexisting diabetes before 24 weeks of gestation—ideally at the first prenatal visit, based on current clinical best practices <i>Refer also to USPSTF's 'Gestational Diabetes</i> <i>Mellitus Screening' recommendation</i>		
Human Immune-Deficiency Virus Counseling & ScreeningHRSA Recommendation December 2016 The Women's Preventive Services Initiative recommends prevention education and risk assessment for human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection in adolescents and women at least annually throughout the lifespan. All women should be tested for HIV at least once during their lifetime. Additional screening annually or more often may be appropriate for adolescents and women with an increased risk of HIV infection. Screening for HIV is recommended for all pregnant women upon initiation of prenatal care with retesting during pregnancy based on risk factors. Rapid HIV testing is recommended for pregnant women who present in active labor with an undocumented HIV status. Screening during pregnancy enables prevention of vertical transmission.Refer also to USPSTF's 'Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) Infection Screening for Pregnant and Non-Pregnant Adolescents and Adults' recommendationRefer also to Bright Future's 'STI/HIV' Screening' recommendations	36415, 86689, 86701, 86702, 86703, 87389, 87390, 87391, 87806, G0432, G0433, G0435, G0475	Payable when billed with a diagnosis in Diagnosis List 1

Human Papillomavirus Testing (HPV)	87623, 87624,	Payable with a diagnosis in
numan raphonavirus resting (nrv)	87625, 60476,	Diagnosis List 1
HRSA Recommendation August 2012	0500T, 0096U	
HRSA recommends high-risk human	05001,00500	
papillomavirus DNA testing in women with		
normal cytology results. Screening should		
begin at 30 years of age and should occur no		
more frequently than every 3 years		
Interpersonal and Domestic Violence	99401, 99402,	
Screening	99403, 99404,	
Streening	99411, 99412,	
HRSA Recommendation December 2016	99384, 99385,	
The Women's Preventive Services Initiative	99386, 99387,	
recommends screening adolescents and	99394, 99395,	
women for interpersonal and domestic	99396, 99397,	
violence at least annually, and, when needed,	99201, 99202,	
providing or referring for initial intervention	99203, 99204,	
services. Interpersonal and domestic violence	99205, 99211,	
includes physical violence, sexual violence,	99212, 99213,	
stalking and psychological aggression	99214, 99215	
(including coercion), reproductive coercion,		
neglect, and the threat of violence, abuse, or		
both. Intervention services include, but are		
not limited to, counseling, education, harm		
reduction strategies, and referral to		
appropriate supportive services.		
Sexually Transmitted Infections Counseling	99401, 99402,	
	99403, 99404,	
HRSA Recommendation December 2016	99411, 99412,	
The Women's Preventive Services Initiative	99384, 99385,	
recommends directed behavioral counseling	99386, 99387,	
by a health care provider or other	99394, 99395,	
appropriately trained individual for sexually	99396, 99397,	
active adolescent and adult women at an	G0445	
increased risk for sexually transmitted		
infections (STIs). The Women's Preventive		
Services Initiative recommends that health		
care providers use a woman's sexual history		
and risk factors to help identify those at an		
increased risk of STIs. Risk factors may include		
age younger than 25, a recent history of an		
STI, a new sex partner, multiple partners, a		
partner with concurrent partners, a partner		
with an STI, and a lack of or inconsistent		
condom use. For adolescents and women not		
identified as high risk, counseling to reduce		

the risk of STIs should be considered, as determined by clinical judgement. Refer also to USPSTF's 'Sexually Transmitted Infections Behavioral Counseling' recommendation		
Urinary Incontinence Screening <u>HRSA Recommendation</u> <u>December 2017</u> The Women's Preventive Services Initiative recommends screening women for urinary incontinence annually. Screening should ideally assess whether women experience urinary incontinence and whether it impacts their activities and quality of life.	There are no procedure codes specific to this service. This service would be part of the preventive office visit.	Payable with a diagnosis in Diagnosis List 1
Well-Woman Visits <u>HRSA Recommendation December 2016</u> The Women's Preventive Services Initiative recommends that women receive at least one preventive care visit per year beginning in adolescence and continuing across the lifespan to ensure that the recommended preventive services, including preconception, and many services necessary for prenatal and interconception care are obtained. The primary purpose of these visits should be the delivery and coordination of recommended preventive services as determined by age and risk factors.	99384, 99385, 99386, 99387, 99394, 99395, 99396, 99397, G0101, G0438, G0439, 99078, 99401, 99402, 99403, 99404, 99411, 99412, 99408, 99409, G0396, G0442, G0443, G0444	Labs administered as part of a normal pregnancy reimbursable at the preventive level when billed with a pregnancy diagnosis

ACIP Recommendations:

Service:	Procedure	Additional
	Code(s):	Reimbursement Criteria:
DTaP Vaccine	90696, 90698, 90700, 90702, 90723	
Hepatitis A Vaccine	90632, 90633, 90634, 90636	

Hepatitis B Vaccine	90739, 90740, 90743,	
Repartis B vaccine		
	90744, 90746, 90747, 90748	
Haemophilus Influenzae Type B (Hib)		
Vaccine	90647, 90648	
Human Papillomavirus Vaccine (HPV)	90649, 90650, 90651	Payable at the preventive level for members between the ages of 9- 45.
		Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Influenza Vaccine	90630, 90653, 90654, 90655, 90656, 90657, 90658, 90660, 90661,90662, 90666, 90667, 90668, 90672, 90673, 90674 90682, 90685, 90686, 90687, 90688, 90756 Q2034, Q2035, Q2036, Q2037, Q2038, Q2039	
Measles, Rubella, Congenital Rubella Syndrome, and Mumps (MMR)	90707	
Measles, Mumps, Rubella, and Varicella (MMRV)	90710	
Meningococcal Vaccine	90644, 90733, 90734, 90620, 90621	
Pneumococcal Vaccine	90670, 90732	
Polio Vaccine	90713	
Rotavirus Vaccine	90680, 90681	
Tetanus Toxoid, Reduced Diphtheria Toxoid and Acellular Pertussis Vaccine (Tdap/Td)	90714, 90715	
		ł

Zoster (Shingles) Vaccine	90736, 90750	Payable at the preventive level for members age 50 and older
Immunization Administration	90460, 90461, 90471,	
	90472, 90473, 90474,	
	90674, 90749	

Bright Futures Recommendations:

Service:	Procedure	Additional
	Code(s):	Reimbursement Criteria:
Alcohol Use and Drug Use Assessment	99408, 99409	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Bright Futures		
Recommends alcohol and drug use		
assessments for adolescents between the		
ages of 11 to 21 years		
Cervical Dysplasia Screening	Q0091	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Bright Futures		
Recommends cervical dysplasia screening for		
adolescents age 21 years of age		
Critical Congenital Heart Defect Screening	94760	
Bright Futures		
Recommends screening for critical congenital		
heart disease using pulse oximetry for		
newborns after 24 hours of age, before		
discharge from the hospital		
Depression Screening	96110	Payable with a diagnosis code in
		Diagnosis List 1
Bright Futures		
Recommends depression screening for		
adolescents between the ages of 11 to 21 years		
Refer also to USPSTF's 'Depression in Children		
and Adolescents Screening' recommendation		
Developmental Screening / Autism	96110	Payable with a diagnosis code in
Screening		Diagnosis List 1
Bright Futures		
Recommends developmental/autism		

screening for infants and young children		
between the ages of 9 months and 30 months		
Dyslipidemia Screening	80061, 82465, 83718, 84478	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Bright Futures		
Recommends dyslipidemia screening for children and adolescents between the ages of		
24 months and 21 years of age		
Hearing Screening	92558, 92586, 92567,	Payable with a diagnosis code in
	92551, V5008	Diagnosis List 1
Bright Futures		
Recommends hearing screenings for children and adolescents from birth through 21 years		Procedure code 92586 is for members under 32 days of age
of age		
Hematocrit or Hemoglobin	36415, 36416, 85014,	Payable with a diagnosis code in
Dright Futuros	85018	Diagnosis List 1
<u>Bright Futures</u> Recommends hematocrit or hemoglobin		
screening for children and adolescents		
between the ages of four months and 21		
years of age		
HIV Screening	87389, 87390, 87391,	Payable with a diagnosis code in
	87806, G0432,	Diagnosis List 1
	G0433, G0435	
Lead Screening	36415, 36416, 83655	Payable with a diagnosis code in
Bright Futures		Diagnosis List 1
Recommends screening children between the		
ages of six months and six years for lead		
Maternal Depression Screening	99384, 99385, 99386,	
_	99387, 99394, 99395,	
	99396, 99397, G0444	
Newborn Bilirubin	82247, 82248	Payable with a diagnosis in
		Diagnosis List 1
Newborn Blood Screening	S3620	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Oral Health	99211, 99212, 99188,	Payable with a diagnosis code in
	99381, 99382, 99383,	Diagnosis List 1

Bright Futures Recommends oral health risk assessments beginning at six months of age	99384	
Prenatal Visit	99401, 99402, 99403, 99404	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Preventive Medicine Services: New Patients	99381, 99382, 99383, 99384, 99385	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Preventive Medicine Services: Established Patients	99391, 99392, 99393, 99394, 99395	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
STI/HIV ScreeningBright FuturesRecommends screening for all sexually activepatientsRefer also to USPSTF's 'HumanImmunodeficiency Virus (HIV) InfectionScreening for Pregnant and Non-PregnantAdolescents and Adults' recommendationsRefer also to HRSA's 'Sexually TransmittedInfections Counseling' recommendation	86631, 86632, 86701, 86703, 87081, 87110, 87210, 87270, 87320, 87490, 87491, 87590, 87591, 87800, 87801, 87810, 87850, 36415	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Tuberculosis Testing <u>Bright Futures</u> Recommends tuberculosis testing if the risk assessment is positive	86580, 99211	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1
Vision Screening Bright Futures Recommends vision screening for newborns through age 21 years	99173	Payable with a diagnosis code in Diagnosis List 1

Many of the services listed above may be performed for indications other than preventive care. In these situations, services may be covered by another provision of the individual's benefit plan and subject to applicable cost sharing.

Diagnosis List 1

Z00.00	Z00.01	Z00.110	Z00.111	Z00.121	Z00.129	Z0.08
Z01.10	Z01.411	Z01.419	Z02.83	Z11.1	Z11.3	Z11.4
Z11.51	Z11.7	Z12.11	Z12.12	Z12.2	Z12.31	Z12.39

Z12.4	Z12.5	Z13.0	Z13.1	Z13.220	Z13.31	Z13.32
Z13.4	Z13.41	Z13.42	Z13.5	Z13.6	Z13.820	Z23
Z30.011	Z30.012	Z30.013	Z30.014	Z30.015	Z30.016	Z30.017
Z30.018	Z30.019	Z30.02	Z30.09	Z30.40	Z30.41	Z30.42
Z30.430	Z30.431	Z30.432	Z30.433	Z30.44	Z30.45	Z30.46
Z30.49	Z30.8	Z30.9	Z32.2	Z71.41	Z71.51	Z71.6
Z71.7	Z71.82	Z71.83	Z86.32			

Breastfeeding Equipment & Supplies

Non-grandfathered plans provide coverage of manual, electric, and hospital grade breast pumps along with breastfeeding supplies at the preventive level.

Manual breast pumps utilize procedure code E0602 and are available for purchase and covered at the preventive level when obtained In-Network, Out of Network, or from Retail providers. Sales tax is excluded from retail purchases.

Electric breast pumps utilize procedure code E0603 and must be rented or purchased from an In-Network provider or a contracted durable medical equipment supplier. The models of breast pumps being provided at the preventive level are up to the individual provider's discretion. If a member chooses to obtain an upgraded model, they may be balance billed the difference between the allowance of the standard model and the cost of the upgraded model. Members are allowed one electric breast pump per benefit period.

*Note: Retail providers such as Babies 'R' Us, Target, Wal-Mart, or online vendor are not licensed medical providers and therefore are considered Out of Network. Out of network coverage will follow the out of network benefit level for preventive services. This may include cost sharing and sales tax is excluded. *

Hospital grade breast pumps utilize procedure code E0604 and are only covered when rented In-Network or from an In-Network durable medical equipment supplier. Hospital grade breast pump coverage is up to the purchase price of \$1,000.00 or 12 months, whichever comes first. At the end of coverage, the unit must be returned to the durable medical equipment supplier. Members are allowed one breast pump per benefit period.

Breast pumps obtained from Out of Network providers are reimbursable at the Out of Network level.

The following breast pump supplies are reimbursable the preventive level. Some limitations and restrictions may apply based on the group coverage for preventive services.

- A4281- Tubing for breast pump, replacement, spare membranes, replacements
- A4282- Adapter for breast pump, replacement
- A4283- Cap for breast pump bottle, replacement
- A4284- Breast shield and splash protector for use with breast pump, replacement
- A4285- Polycarbonate bottle for use with breast pump, replacement
- A4286- Locking ring for breast pump, replacement

Differentiating Preventive Care versus Diagnostic Care

The following types of services are considered Preventive:

- Screenings intended to prevent illness or identify issues before symptoms are evident
- Counseling intervention as defined by a specific preventive recommendation

Examples of preventive services:

- A 60-year-old woman obtains her biennial mammogram to screen for breast cancer
- A patient who has been identified as having cardiovascular disease risk factors is referred for nutritional counseling
- A 50-year old patient obtains a colonoscopy to screen for colorectal cancer
- A 42-year-old patient goes to their doctor for their annual physical and receives a blood test to screen for abnormal blood glucose

The following types of services are considered Diagnostic:

- The diagnosis of existing symptoms or abnormalities
- Treatment for specific health conditions, ongoing care, or other tests to manage a health condition

Examples of diagnostic services:

- A 60-year-old woman obtains a mammogram after noticing a lump in her breast
- A patient diagnosed with diabetes is referred for nutritional counseling to manage their condition
- A patient goes to their doctor for their annual physical and receives a blood test to check iron and liver function, and a urinalysis is requested

Limitations and Exclusions

- 1. <u>Services not reimbursable at the preventive level may be reimbursable under another portion of the</u> <u>medical plan.</u>
- 2. Breastfeeding equipment and supplies not listed underneath the "Breastfeeding Equipment and Supplies" section. This includes, but is not limited to
 - a. Batteries
 - b. Breastfeeding ointments, creams
 - c. Breast milk storage supplies including bags, freezer packs, etc.
 - d. Breast pump cleaning supplies
 - e. Breast pump traveling cases
 - f. Infant scales
 - g. Nursing bras
 - h. Nursing covers, scarfs
- 3. Immunizations that are not published in the Center for Disease Control's Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR) and/or are not on the list of "Vaccines Licensed for Use in the United States" by the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
- 4. Prescription coverage may vary depending on the terms and conditions of the plans. A prescription may be required for coverage under the pharmacy benefit. The plan may also require that the generic drug be tried first before the brand version. Age limits, restrictions, and other requirements may apply. Members can verify their pharmacy benefits by calling the customer service number on the back of their ID card.
- 5. For OTC purchases, members will need to obtain a prescription from their provider and take it to the pharmacy to be filled.
- 6. If there is a medication not included, the member should consult their doctor for therapeutic alternatives first before submitting coverage exceptions to BCBS.

Each benefit plan, summary plan description or contract defines which services are covered, which services are excluded, and which services are subject to dollar caps or other limitations, conditions or exclusions. Members and their providers have the responsibility for consulting the member's benefit plan, summary plan description or contract to determine if there are any exclusions or other benefit limitations applicable to this service or supply. If there is a discrepancy between a MEDICAL POLICY and a member's benefit plan, summary plan description or contract, the benefit plan, summary plan description or contract will govern.

References:

Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). "Vaccine-Specific ACIP Recommendations." (2018, January 26). Retrieved June 26, 2018, from https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/index.html American Academy of Pediatrics- Bright Futures. "Coding for Pediatric Preventive Care, 2018." Retrieved June 26, 2018, from https://brightfutures.aap.org/Bright%20Futures%20Documents/CodingPedPreventiveCare_2018.pdf

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Policy Update History:

Approval Date	Description
06/23/2017	New policy, replaces medical policy ADM1001.030
07/14/2017	Removed codes 99174 and 99177.
12/06/2017	Coding and USPSTF updates
04/30/2018	Coding and USPSTF updates
07/12/2018	Coding and USPSTF updates
12/27/2018	Coding and USPSTF updates
09/26/2019	Coding and USPSTF updates
10/14/2019	HPV vaccine update
12/30/2019	Disclaimer, Coding and USPSTF updates

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