

Immunizations for Adolescents

We collect quality data from providers to measure and improve our members' care. Immunizations for Adolescents is one aspect of care we measure in our quality programs. Quality measures evaluate a prior calendar year performance.

What We Measure

We capture the percentage of adolescents 13 years of age who had one dose of meningococcal vaccine; one tetanus, diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis vaccine; and the complete human papillomavirus vaccine series by their 13th birthday.

A higher rate represents more proper vaccinating, which indicates better performance.

IMA is a Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS®) measure. See the **National Committee for Quality Assurance website** for more details.



Why It Matters

Receiving recommended vaccinations is the best defense against vaccine-preventable diseases, including meningococcal meningitis, tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis (whooping cough) and human papillomavirus. These are serious diseases that can cause breathing difficulties, heart problems, nerve damage, pneumonia, seizures, cancer or death. Learn more from **NCQA**.

Eligible Population

Adolescents who turn 13 during the measurement year are included in this measure.

Exclusions:

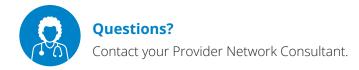
- Members in hospice
- Adolescents who had an anaphylactic reaction to a vaccine or its components anytime on or before their 13th birthday

Tips to Consider

- Address common misconceptions about vaccinations.
- Develop ways to remind members and their caregivers about upcoming immunizations.
- · Review missing vaccines with members and their caregivers at visits.

How to Document

Quality data is collected from claims and chart review.





The above material is for informational purposes only and is not a substitute for the independent medical judgment of a physician or other health care provider. Physicians and other health care providers are encouraged to use their own medical judgment based upon all available information and the condition of the patient in determining the appropriate course of treatment. The fact that a service or treatment is described in this material is not a guarantee that the service or treatment is a covered benefit and members should refer to their certificate of coverage for more details, including benefits, limitations and exclusions. Regardless of benefits, the final decision about any service or treatment is between the member and their health care provider.